



Dairy nutrition Low forage strategy

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Europa Maaelu Arengu
Põllumajandusfond:
Europa investeeringud
maapiirkondadesse



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Education

- BS – Veterinary medicine, Bucharest University 2003
- PhD – Animal science, Timisoara University 2023

Area of Expertise

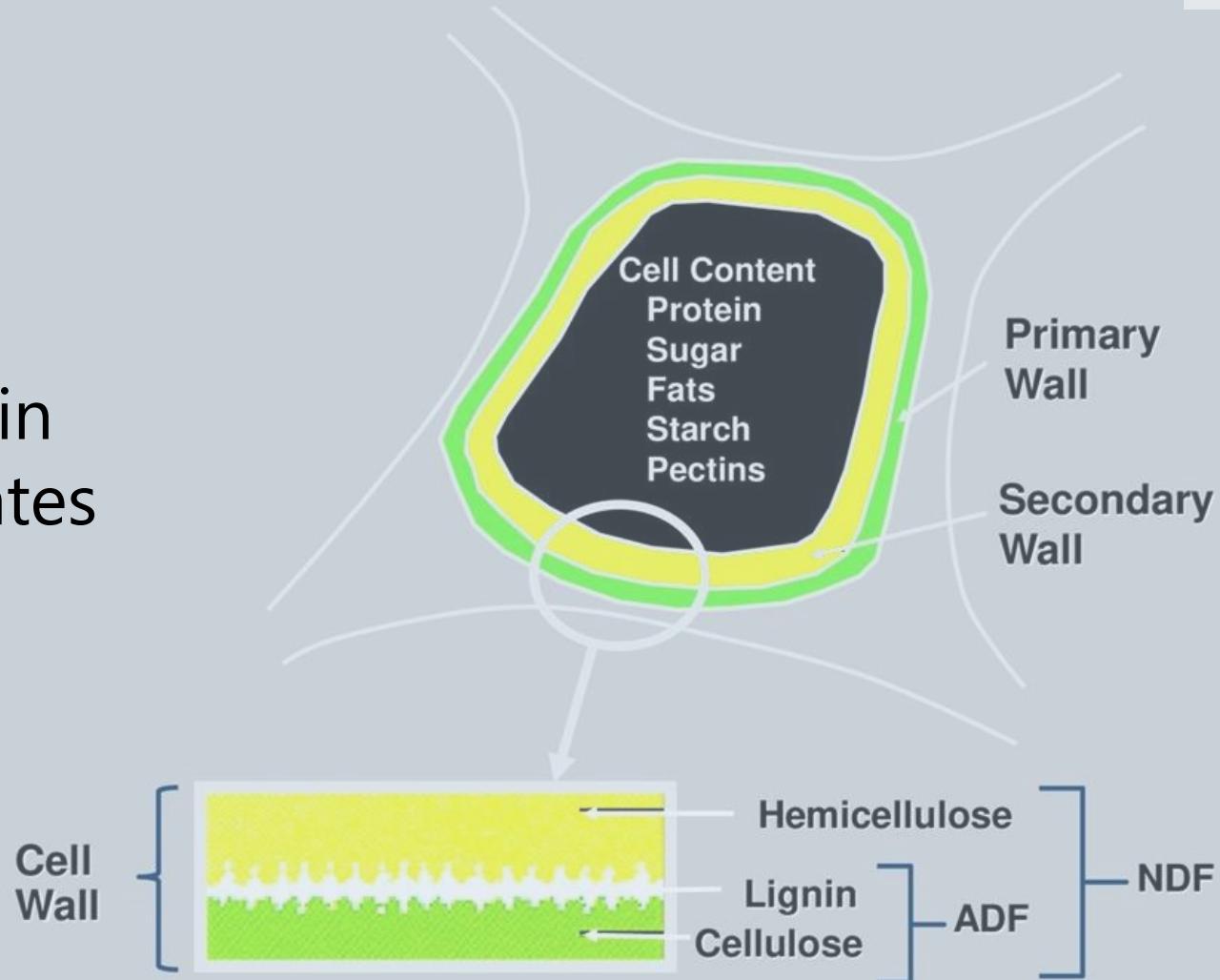
- Ruminant nutrition
- Animal health
- Farm management

Area of Interest

- Protein (N) metabolism
- Metabolic diseases and transition period
- Tools for real time data collection

What are Forages?

Plant material high in
cell wall carbohydrates
35-60%DM



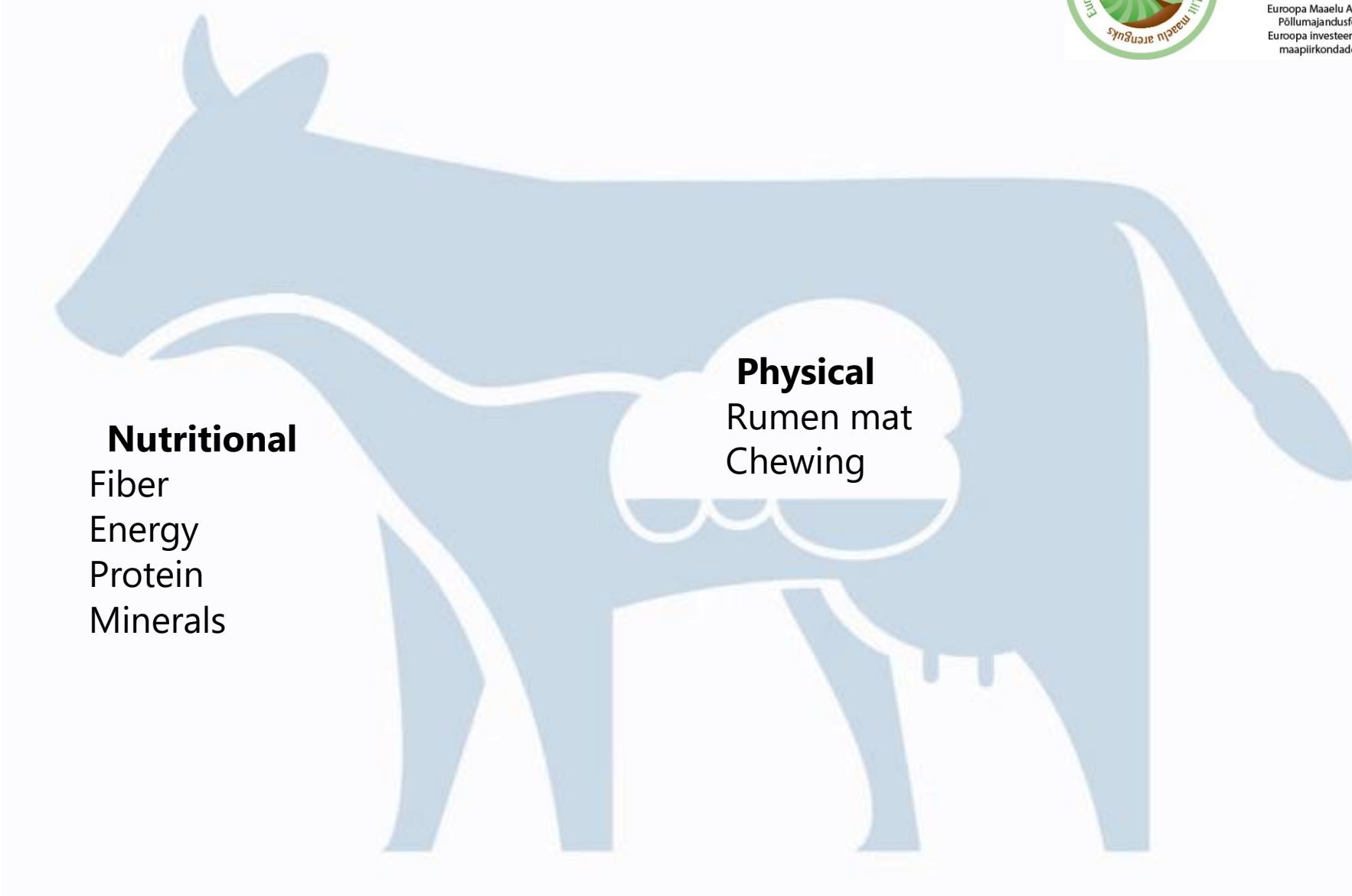
Forage's role

Nutritional

Fiber
Energy
Protein
Minerals

Physical

Rumen mat
Chewing



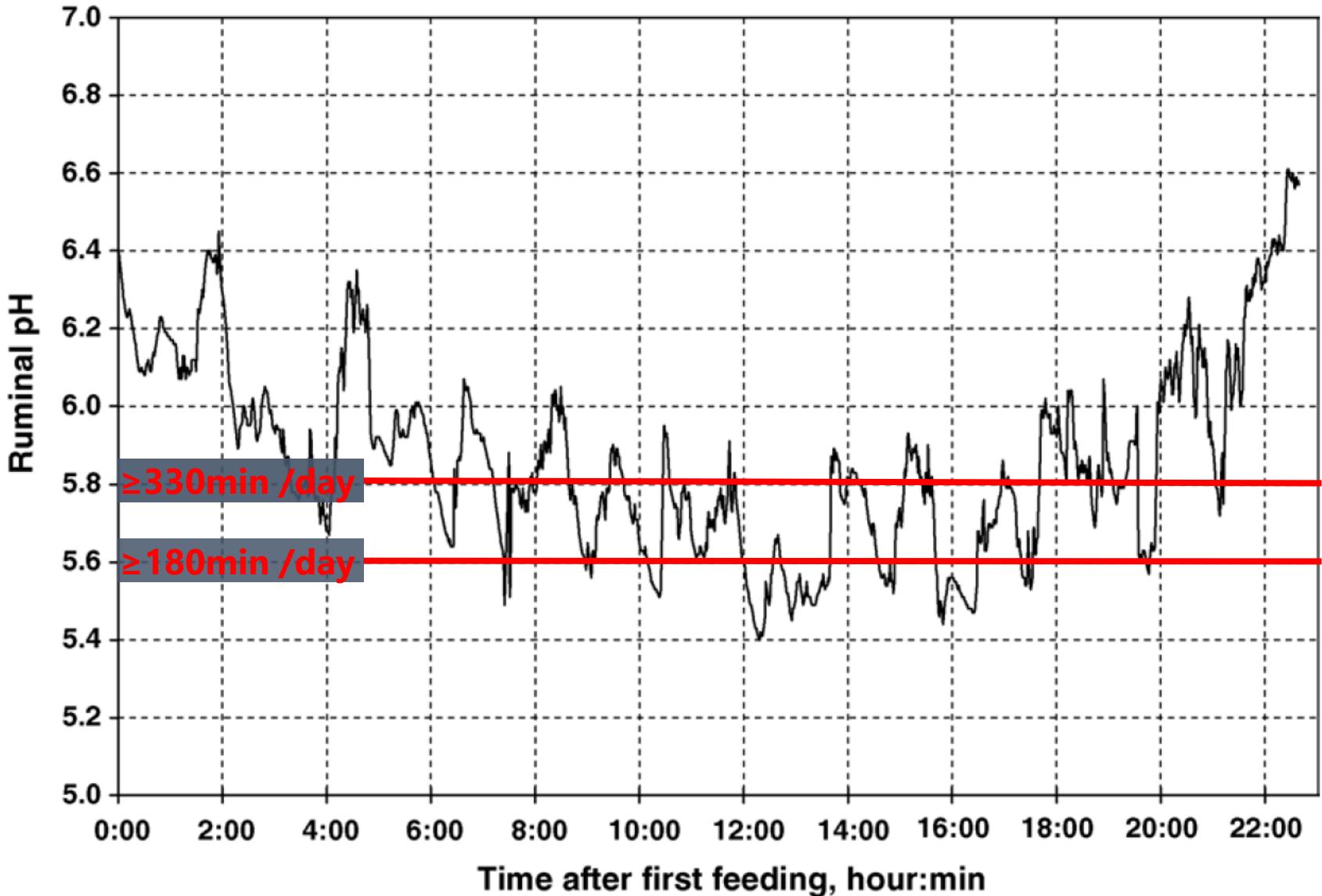
Euroopa Liit maaelu arenguks
Põllumajandusfond:
Euroopa investeeringud
maapilirkondadesse

Typical ration

- Forage (%DM) $\geq 45\%$
- $fNDF_{om}$ (%DM) $\geq 21\%$
- NDF_{om} (%DM) $\geq 30\%$



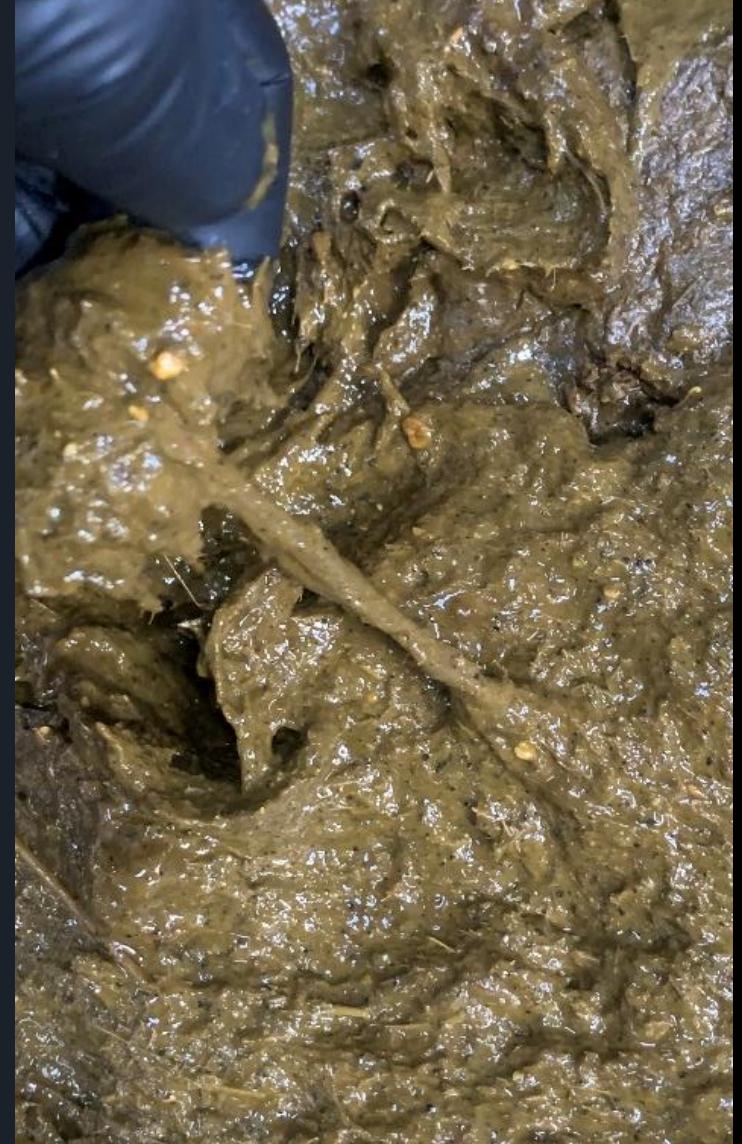
Risks associated with low forages



Adapted from Krause and Oetzel, 2006; Gozho 2005; Zebebely 2008



Signs of SARA



Milk fat	↓
Milk fat : protein ratio	↓
Manure score	↓
Grains in feces	↑
Long particles in feces	↑
Rumination time	↔↑

HOW LOW?

Nutritional

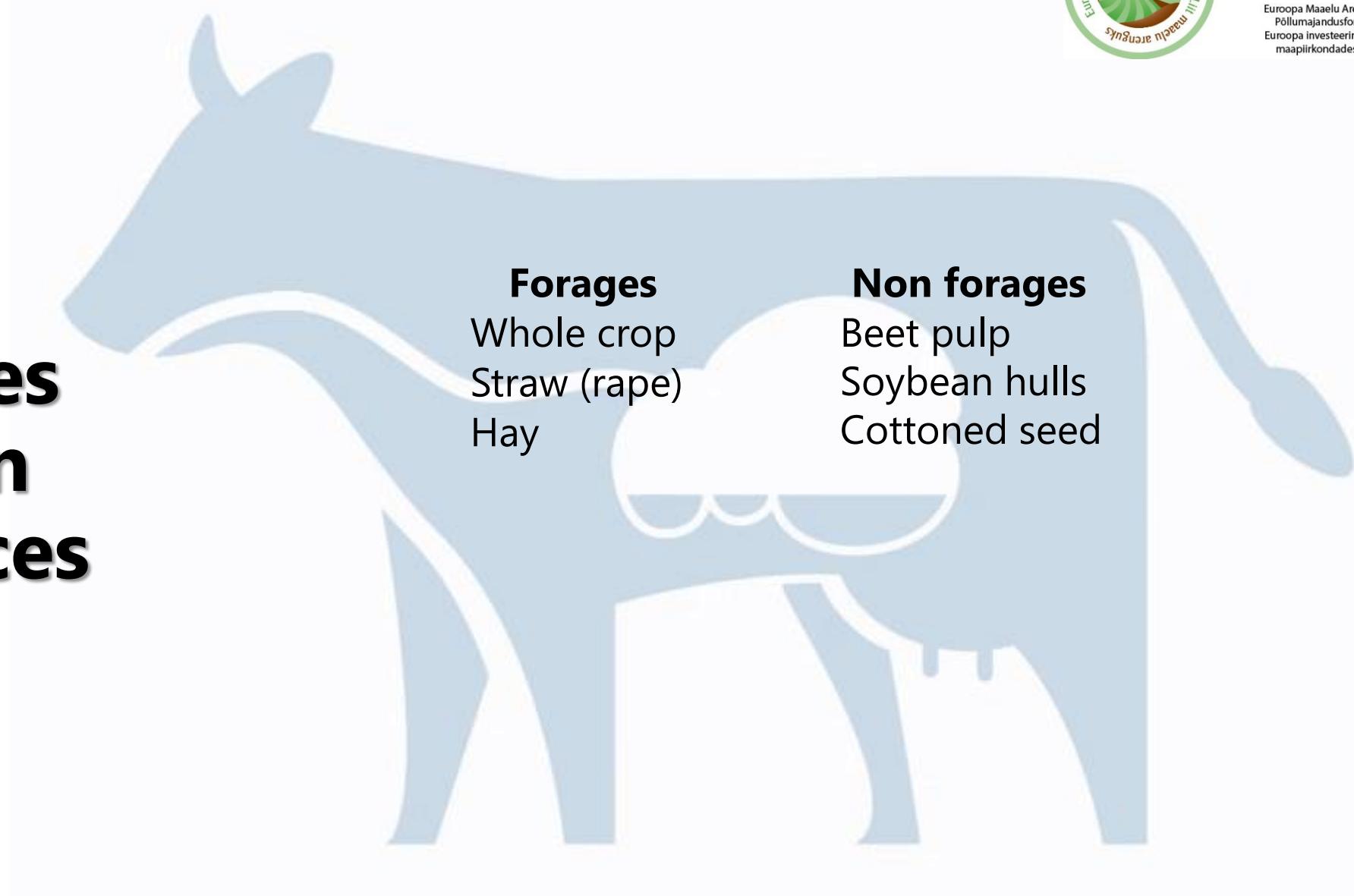
- Forage (%DM) $\geq 39\text{-}40\%$
- fNDF_{om} (%DM) $\geq 18\text{-}19\%$
- NDF_{om} (%DM) $\geq 27\text{-}28\%$
- NFC (%DM) $\leq 41\%$
- DCAD (kgDM) $\geq 300\text{meq}$

Management

- Good structural fiber
- Particle size (PSPS)
- TMR moisture (41-44%DM)
- Avoid overstocking
- Good ventilation



Alternatives to Estonian fiber sources



Forages

Whole crop
Straw (rape)
Hay

Non forages

Beet pulp
Soybean hulls
Cottoned seed





Thank you for your attention!